POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CLINICAL CARDIOLOGY (PGDCC)

Term-End Examination

00233

December, 2016

MCC-004 : COMMON CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES – II

| Time: 2 hours | | Maximum Marks | Maximum Marks : 60 | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--|--|
| Note: Attempt all questions. | | | | | |
| Short questions (two): | | | | | |
| 1. | Describe the implemental features of acregurgitation. | portant causes and clinical cute and chronic aortic | 10 | | |
| 2. | | sed Jones criteria for acute Describe the course and | 10 | | |
| Sh | ort notes (four) : | | | | |
| 3. | Primary and second fever | dary prophylaxis of rheumatic | 5 | | |
| 4. | Indications for cardiac surgery in patients with infective endocarditis | | | | |
| 5. | Echocardiographic regurgitation | features of severe aortic | 5 | | |
| 6. | Clinical features of | f cardiac tamponade | 5 | | |
| MCC-004 | | 1 P. | T.O. | | |

Very short questions (ten):

| 7. | Mention auscultatory findings of severe mitral stenosis. | 2 | |
|-----|---|---|--|
| 8. | Mention two echocardiographic features of severe mitral regurgitation. | | |
| 9. | Mention the clinical features of tricuspid stenosis. | 2 | |
| 10. | Name two causes of primary tricuspid regurgitation. | 2 | |
| 11. | What are the ECG findings of acute pericarditis? | | |
| 12. | How will you diagnose pulsus paradoxus? | | |
| 13. | What is the role of transesophageal echocardiography in infective endocarditis? | 2 | |
| 14. | Name two complications of infective endocarditis. | | |
| 15. | Name two complications of severe mitral stenosis. | 2 | |
| 16. | Write about the jugular venous pressure examination in constrictive pericarditis. | 2 | |