

**B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND
COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)**

Term-End Examination

00325

December, 2014

BIELE-004 : RF CIRCUITS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any seven questions. Missing data may be suitably assumed. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

- Give the electrical equivalent circuit representation of the following and explain the significance of the terms appearing in the equivalent circuit : 2×5=10
 - High-frequency resistor
 - High-frequency wire-wound resistor
- Assuming that the dielectric and the conductor losses in a transmission line are small ($G \ll \omega C$ and $R \ll \omega L$), show that the propagation constant K can be given as 10

$$K = \alpha + j\beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{R}{Z_0} + GZ_0 \right) + j\omega \sqrt{LC}$$

where $Z_0 = \sqrt{L/C}$ is the characteristic impedance of line in the absence of loss.

3. Derive an expression for the noise-figure of a two-port network. 10
4. What are the various topologies of low-noise amplifier ? Explain them in brief. 10
5. Explain the operation of multiplier-based mixers with the help of diagrams. Support your answer with necessary mathematical expressions. 10
6. Prove that the general expression for the amplifier efficiency (η) in terms of conduction angle (θ_0) is 10

$$\eta = \frac{\theta_0 - \sin \theta_0}{2 \left[\theta_0 \cos \left(\frac{\theta_0}{2} \right) - 2 \sin \left(\frac{\theta_0}{2} \right) \right]}$$

7. Draw the block-diagram representation of an oscillator and derive the expression for Barkhausen Criterion of oscillations. 10
8. Explain the operation of combination synthesizers with the help of diagrams and necessary mathematical expressions. 10
9. Define RF power amplifiers and explain the operation of any one power amplifier with required expressions. 10

10. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 2×5=10

- (a) Neutralization
 - (b) Unilateralization
 - (c) Synthesis with static moduli
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