

00771

**DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(DMEVI)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2012

BIMEE-029 : POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of steam tables and scientific calculator are permitted.

1. (a) Describe the following gaseous fuels : 7+7
- (i) Coal gas
 - (ii) Coke-oven gas
 - (iii) Blast furnace gas and
 - (iv) Producer gas.
- (b) During a trial in a boiler, the dry flue gas analysis by volume was obtained as $\text{CO}_2=13\%$, $\text{CO}=0.3\%$, $\text{O}_2=6\%$, $\text{N}_2=80.7\%$. The coal analysis by weight was reported as $\text{C}=62.4\%$, $\text{H}_2=4.2\%$, $\text{O}_2=4.5\%$, moisture=15%, and ash=13.9%. Estimate.
- (i) Theoretical air required to burn 1 kg of coal.
 - (ii) Weight of air actually supplied per kg of coal, and
 - (iii) The amount of excess air supplied per kg of coal burnt.

2. (a) State the methods of increasing the thermal efficiency of a Rankine cycle. 7+7
- (b) In a Rankine cycle, the steam at inlet to turbine is saturated at a pressure of 30 bar and the exhaust pressure is 0.25 bar. Determine.
- (i) The pump work
 - (ii) Turbine work.
 - (iii) Rankine efficiency
 - (iv) Dryness fraction at the end of expansion. Assume steam flow rate of 10 kg/s.
3. (a) A diesel engine has a compression ratio of 15 and heat addition at constant pressure takes place at 6% of stroke. Find the air standard efficiency of the engine. Take γ for air as 1.4. 7+7
- (b) Dry saturated steam at a pressure of 11 bar enters a convergent-divergent nozzle and leaves at a pressure of 2 bar. If the flow is adiabatic and frictionless, determine:
- (i) The exit velocity of steam
 - (ii) Ratio of cross-section at exit and that at throat.
- Assume the index of adiabatic expansion to be 1.135.

4. (a) Enumerate and explain the steps involved in handling of the coal in a steam power plant. 7+7
- (b) In a reaction turbine, the fixed blades and moving blades are of the same shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of the receiving tips are 35° and of the discharging tips 20° . Find the power developed per pair of blades for a steam consumption of 2.5 kg/sec, when the blade speed is 50 m/s. If the heat drop per pair is 10.04 KJ/kg. Find the efficiency of the pair.
5. (a) Explain with neat sketches the construction and working of any two of the following high pressure boilers. 7+7
- (i) Lamont boiler
 - (ii) Loeffler boiler
 - (iii) Benson boiler
 - (iv) Velox boiler.
- (b) The inlet conditions of steam to a convergent-divergent nozzle is 22 bar and 260°C . The exit pressure is 4 bar. Assuming frictionless flow upto the throat and a nozzle efficiency of 85%, determine :
- (i) The flow rate for a throat area of 32.2 cm^2 .
 - (ii) The exit area.

6. (a) Define the term "Steam nozzle". Explain the various types of nozzles. What is the effect of friction on the flow through a steam nozzle ? 7+7
- (b) 5400 mg steam is produced per hour at a pressure of 7.5 bar in a boiler with feed water at 41.5 °C. The dryness fraction of steam at exit is 0.98. The amount of coal burnt per hour is 670 kg. Calorific value of coal is 31000 KJ/kg. Determine.
- (i) The boiler efficiency,
(ii) Equivalent evaporation.
7. (a) What is a cooling tower ? How are cooling towers classified ? Explain any one of them with a neat sketch. 7+7
- (b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Diesel power plants ? State the applications of Diesel Power plants.
8. (a) Explain with the help of a neat diagram the construction and working of a nuclear power plant. 7+7
- (b) The following data relate to a hydro-electric power station :
- Head = 400 m ; Discharge = 4.5 m³/s ;
Turbine efficiency = 82% ; Generator frequency = 50 Hz.
Determine :
- (i) Power developed
(ii) Type of turbine
(iii) Speed of turbine.
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