# DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (DCLE(G)) DCLEVI 

## Term-End Examination

00452
December, 2012

## BCE-034 : ESTIMATING AND QUANTITY SURVEYING - I

Time: 2 hours
Maximum Marks : 70
Note: Attempt five questions in all. Question number 1 is compulsory. Assume suitable data, wherever required. Use of calculator is permitted.

1. Select the correct answer from the given alternatives :
(a) Which of the following is 'Prismoidal Formula' used for earth work :
(i) $\quad \mathrm{V}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{A}_{1}+\mathrm{A}_{2}}{2}\right) l$
(ii) $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{m}} \times l$
(iii) $\mathrm{V}=\frac{l}{6}\left(\mathrm{~A}_{1}+4 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{m}}+\mathrm{A}_{2}\right)$
(iv) $\frac{\Sigma \mathrm{A}}{6}$
(b) Half brick masonry is constructed using bonds :
(i) Flemish bond (ii) Header bond
(iii) Harrying bond (iv) Stretcher bond
(c) ${ }^{-}$Brick on edge flooring measurement unit is :
(i) Per m ${ }^{3}$
(ii) $\operatorname{Per} \mathrm{m}^{2}$
(iii) Per km
(iv) Per kg
(d) Porcelain bath tub is fixed in bathroom of :
(i) Class - ' A ' Buildings
(ii) Class - ' B ' Buildings
(iii) Class - ' C ' Buildings
(iv) Every class of Buildings
(e) Queen-post roof truss is best suited for a span of :
(i) Less than 3 metre
(ii) Less than 9 metre
(iii) Upto 6 metre
(iv) 9 m to 14 metre
(f) Measurement books are used for :
(i) Recording the work executed
(ii) Preparation of estimate
(iii) Writing specifications
(iv) Quotation of rates
(g) Which of the following is not the type of pointing :
(i) Struck
(ii) Keyed
(iii) V-grooved
(iv) $Y$-shaped
2. A berm of canal is to be prepared by filling earth work. The cross sectional area of filling of a 250 m long stretch at both ends are $20.50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and $18.40 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, respectively. Using 'Average-crosssectional Area Method' calculate the quantity of earthwork in filling.
3. With the help of given sketch calculate the following items :
$4 \times 31 / 2=14$
(a) Earthwork in excavation in foundation trenches
(b) Cement concrete in foundation base of 1: 4:8 mix.
(c) Brick work in foundation upto ground level in cement mortar 1:6.
(d) 40 mm thick 'Damp-proof course' with c.c. 1:2:4 mix.


## FOUNDATION SECTION

Window $W=1200 \times 1500 \mathrm{~mm}$
Door
$\mathrm{D}=1000 \times 2100 \mathrm{~mm}$
Note: All dimensions are in mm
4. Prepare analysis of rates for any two of the following :

$$
2 \times 7=14
$$

(a) Cement concrete with 4 cm gauge stone ballast, coarse sand and cement in $4: 2: 1$ proportion.
(b) First class brick work in Jack Arches in 1:3 cement and coarse sand mortar.
(c) First class brick work in white lime and surkhi mortar 1:3 in foundation and plinth.
5. Differentiate between any four of the following :

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4 \times 3^{1 / 2}=14
$$

(a) 'Panelled door shutters' and 'wire gauzed door shutters'.
(b) 'Petty works' and 'Major works'.
(c) 'Lump-sum contract' and 'Item rate contract'.
(d) 'Semi-circular arch' and 'segmental arch'.
(e) 'Class-' A ' Buildings' and 'Class-' C ' Buildings'.
(f) 'Muster Roll' and 'Measurement Book'.
6. Write the specifications for any two of the following :
(a) Earth work in filling.
(b) Lime concrete work in buildings
(c) Half brick masonry
(d) Cement and sand mortar pointing on brick walls
7. Write short notes on any four of the following:
(a) Arch work in stone masonry $4 \times 31 / 2=14$
(b) King post roofs
(c) Deposit works
(d) Item rate contract
(e) Pre-cast concrete work
(f) Various type of arches

