DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (DCLE(G)) DCLEVI

Term-End Examination

00452

December, 2012

BCE-034 : ESTIMATING AND QUANTITY SURVEYING - I

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt five questions in all. Question number 1 is compulsory. Assume suitable data, wherever required.

Use of calculator is permitted.

- 1. Select the correct answer from the given alternatives: 7x2=14
 - (a) Which of the following is 'Prismoidal Formula' used for earth work:

(i)
$$V = \left(\frac{A_1 + A_2}{2}\right) l$$

(ii)
$$V = A_m \times l$$

(iii)
$$V = \frac{l}{6}(A_1 + 4A_m + A_2)$$

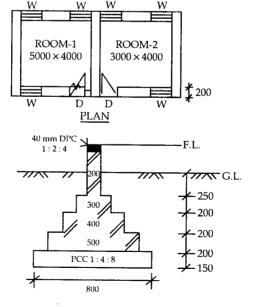
(iv)
$$\frac{\Sigma A}{6}$$

(b)	Hali	brick masonry	is cor	nstructed using	
	bone	bonds:			
	(i)	Flemish bond	(ii)	Header bond	
	(iii)	Harrying bond	(iv)	Stretcher bond	
(c)	Bric	Brick on edge flooring measurement unit			
	is:				
	(i)	Per m ³	(ii)	Per m ²	
	(iii)	Per km	(iv)	Per kg	
(d)	Porc	Porcelain bath tub is fixed in bathroom of :			
	(i)	(i) Class - 'A' Buildings			
	(ii)	Class - 'B' Buildings			
	(iii)	Class - 'C' Buildings			
	(iv)	(iv) Every class of Buildings			
(e)	Que	Queen-post roof truss is best suited for a			
	spar	span of:			
	(i)	Less than 3 met	re		
	(ii)	Less than 9 metre			
	(iii)	Upto 6 metre			
	(iv)	9 m to 14 metre			
(f)	Mea	Measurement books are used for :			
	(i)	(i) Recording the work executed			
	(ii)	Preparation of estimate			
	(iii)	Writing specifications			
	(iv)	Quotation of ra	tes		
(g)	Whi	Which of the following is not the type of			
	poin	pointing:			
	(i)	Struck	(ii)	Keyed	
	(iii)	V-grooved	(iv)	Y-shaped	

2. A berm of canal is to be prepared by filling earth work. The cross sectional area of filling of a 250 m long stretch at both ends are 20.50 m² and 18.40 m², respectively. Using 'Average-cross-sectional Area Method' calculate the quantity of earthwork in filling.

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- 3. With the help of given sketch calculate the following items: $4x3\frac{1}{2}=14$
 - (a) Earthwork in excavation in foundation trenches
 - (b) Cement concrete in foundation base of 1:4:8 mix.
 - (c) Brick work in foundation upto ground level in cement mortar 1 : 6.
 - (d) 40 mm thick 'Damp-proof course' with c.c. 1:2:4 mix.



FOUNDATION SECTION

Window $W = 1200 \times 1500 \text{ mm}$

Door $D = 1000 \times 2100 \text{ mm}$

Note: All dimensions are in mm

- 4. Prepare analysis of rates for any two of the following: 2x7=14
 - (a) Cement concrete with 4 cm gauge stone ballast, coarse sand and cement in 4 : 2 : 1 proportion.
 - (b) First class brick work in Jack Arches in 1:3 cement and coarse sand mortar.
 - (c) First class brick work in white lime and surkhi mortar 1:3 in foundation and plinth.
- 5. Differentiate between any four of the following: $4x3^{1/2}=14$
 - (a) 'Panelled door shutters' and 'wire gauzed door shutters'.
 - (b) 'Petty works' and 'Major works'.
 - (c) 'Lump-sum contract' and 'Item rate contract'.
 - (d) 'Semi-circular arch' and 'segmental arch'.
 - (e) 'Class-'A' Buildings' and 'Class-'C' Buildings'.
 - (f) 'Muster Roll' and 'Measurement Book'.

- 6. Write the specifications for any two of the following: 2x7=14
 - (a) Earth work in filling.
 - (b) Lime concrete work in buildings
 - (c) Half brick masonry
 - (d) Cement and sand mortar pointing on brick walls
- 7. Write short notes on *any four* of the following:
 - (a) Arch work in stone masonry $4x3\frac{1}{2}=14$
 - (b) King post roofs
 - (c) Deposit works
 - (d) Item rate contract
 - (e) Pre-cast concrete work
 - (f) Various type of arches