## B.Tech. (AEROSPACE ENGINEERING) (BTAE)

## Term-End Examination December, 2012

## BAS-023 : AIRCRAFT DESIGN/LAUNCH VEHICLE/ ROCKET DESIGN

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any 6 questions from q. no. 2 to q.no 9.
- 1. Attempt any five of the following:

5x2=10

- (a) Describe the effect of dihedral of the wing.
- (b) What is stalling Velocity? Establish it's relation with wing loading.
- (c) What is the effect of Leading Edge Sweep Back on an airplane wing?
- (d) Explain in brief the static margin.
- (e) How are Centre of Pressure and Aerodynamic Centre different?
- (f) Arrange Turbo Prop, Afterburning Turbo Prop, low bypass Turbo fan and High bypass Turbo fan engine in decreasing order of their specific Fuel Combustion.

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2.	Describe in detail the Tree of an Airplane Design 10 Process.		
3.	What data do you need to make the first estimate of take - off weight? Clearly describe how you make the estimation.		
4.	(a)	What are the working Mach no. Regimes of different engines used in Aircrafts?	6
	(b)	What is the necessity/advantage of Afterburning in an aircraft gas turbine engine?	4
5.	What is the effect of following on performance of airfoil? $5x2=10$		
	(a)	Thickness to chord Ratio (t/c).	
	(b)	Maximum thickness.	
	(c)	Location of Maximum thickness	
	(d)	Leading Edge Radius.	
	(e)	Location of Maximum Camber.	
6.	diffe usec	What is the function of a tail in the aircraft? Draw 10 lifferent kinds of tail arrangements commonly used in airplanes clearly describing usage/merits/demerits of each.	
7.	(a)	How various high lift devices affect maximum lift coefficient? Compare their effect quantitatively.	6

(b) Define design lift coefficient for a civil jet aircraft. How will you estimate the maximum lift coefficient for such an aircraft?

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- 8. Elaborate design and structural features of Airbus 10 A 380. Comment on the use of new technologies used in this airplane.
- 9. In order to calculate initial estimates of an airplane thrust-to-weight ratio, the following data is given: Total Take-off weight. Wo = 35413 kg, Wing Ref. Area,  $S = 75 \text{ m}^2$ , Wing Loading,  $(W/S) = 472 \text{ kg/m}^2$ . The airplane cruise speed is V = 210 m/s. Assume a wing aspect ratio, AR = 9.0, Profile Drag Co-efficient,  $C_{DO} = 0.024$ , fuel equal to 2% of Wo burnt during climb, and rate of climb, R/C = 2 m/s, Determine the following:
  - (a) Drag Profile
  - (b) Cruise lift Co efficient.
  - (c) Drag generated
  - (d) Flight path angle.
  - (e) Thrust / weight required.

Assume Oswald's wing efficiency factor, e = 0.89.